

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
Douglas County, Colorado**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Castle Oaks Metropolitan District No. 3
Douglas County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Castle Oaks Metropolitan District No. 3 (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate to those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary and other information (together, the information) as identified in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and legal compliance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Fiscal Group Partners, LLC

Arvada, Colorado
August 29, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 237,828
Cash and Investments - Restricted	1,508,756
Receivable from County Treasurer	11,059
Accounts Receivable	4,000
Prepaid Expense	3,351
Property Taxes Receivable	1,834,768
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	18,641,641
Total Assets	22,241,403
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Cost of Bond Refunding	970,524
Cost of Bond Insurance	295,973
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,266,497
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	6,141
Accrued Interest Payable	114,167
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due in More Than One Year	52,753,878
Total Liabilities	52,874,186
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	1,834,768
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,834,768
NET POSITION	
Restricted For:	
Emergency Reserves	5,000
Debt Service	1,171,718
Unrestricted	(32,377,772)
Total Net Position	\$ (31,201,054)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 58,344	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (58,344)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	2,203,322	-	-	252,000	(1,951,322)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 2,261,666	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 252,000	(2,009,666)
GENERAL REVENUES					
Property Taxes					1,743,164
Specific Ownership Taxes					154,160
Interest Income					36,356
Total General Revenues					1,933,680
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					
					(75,986)
Net Position - Beginning of Year					(31,125,068)
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					
					\$ (31,201,054)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 237,828	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 237,828
Cash and Investments - Restricted	5,000	1,503,756	-	1,508,756
Receivable from County Treasurer	930	10,129	-	11,059
Accounts Receivable	-	4,000	-	4,000
Prepaid Expenses	3,351	-	-	3,351
Property Taxes Receivable	123,494	1,711,274	-	1,834,768
	<u>\$ 370,603</u>	<u>\$ 3,229,159</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,599,762</u>
Total Assets				
 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 6,141	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,141
Total Liabilities	<u>6,141</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,141</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	123,494	1,711,274	-	1,834,768
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>123,494</u>	<u>1,711,274</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,834,768</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Amounts	3,351	-	-	3,351
Restricted For:				
Emergency Reserves	5,000	-	-	5,000
Debt Service	-	1,517,885	-	1,517,885
Unassigned	232,617	-	-	232,617
Total Fund Balances	<u>240,968</u>	<u>1,517,885</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,758,853</u>
 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances				
	<u>\$ 370,603</u>	<u>\$ 3,229,159</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	18,641,641
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Other assets and deferred outflows of resources are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds

Deferred Cost of Bond Refunding	970,524
Deferred Cost of Bond Insurance	295,973

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Bonds Payable	(34,250,000)
Bond Premium (Net of Amortization)	(4,718,254)
Bond Interest Payable	(114,167)
Developer Advances Payable	(12,993,318)
Accrued Interest on Developer Advances	<u>(792,306)</u>

Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ (31,201,054)</u>
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See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 146,588	\$ 1,596,576	\$ -	\$ 1,743,164
Specific Ownership Taxes	12,964	141,196	-	154,160
Facility Fees	-	252,000	-	252,000
Interest Income	4,761	31,595	-	36,356
Total Revenues	<u>164,313</u>	<u>2,021,367</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,185,680</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Accounting	22,756	-	-	22,756
Audit	6,100	-	-	6,100
County Treasurer's Fees	2,201	23,968	-	26,169
Election Expense	3,365	-	-	3,365
Engineering	1,710	-	-	1,710
Insurance and Bonds	3,403	-	-	3,403
Dues and Licenses	328	-	-	328
Legal	17,881	-	-	17,881
Miscellaneous	600	-	-	600
Debt Service:				
Paying Agent Fees	-	4,000	-	4,000
Bond Interest Series 2020	-	1,370,000	-	1,370,000
Capital Outlay:				
Public Improvements	-	-	10,761,523	10,761,523
Total Expenditures	<u>58,344</u>	<u>1,397,968</u>	<u>10,761,523</u>	<u>12,217,835</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	105,969	623,399	(10,761,523)	(10,032,155)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Developer Advance	-	-	10,761,523	10,761,523
Repay Developer Advance	-	(240,000)	-	(240,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>(240,000)</u>	<u>10,761,523</u>	<u>10,521,523</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	105,969	383,399	-	489,368
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	<u>134,999</u>	<u>1,134,486</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,269,485</u>
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 240,968</u>	<u>\$ 1,517,885</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,758,853</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$ 489,368

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of any cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Capital Outlay 10,761,523

Long-term debt (e.g., bonds, Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:

Developer Advances (10,761,523)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest on Developer Advances - Change in Liability (753,255)

Amortization of Bond Premium 254,878

Amortization of Costs of Refunding (56,407)

Amortization of Costs of Bond Insurance (10,570)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (75,986)

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 146,611	\$ 146,588	\$ (23)
Specific Ownership Taxes	11,729	12,964	1,235
Interest Income	300	4,761	4,461
Total Revenues	<u>158,640</u>	<u>164,313</u>	<u>5,673</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Accounting	31,350	22,756	8,594
Audit	6,000	6,100	(100)
County Treasurer's Fees	2,199	2,201	(2)
Dues and Licenses	500	328	172
Election Expense	2,000	3,365	(1,365)
Engineering	-	1,710	(1,710)
Insurance and Bonds	4,000	3,403	597
Legal	30,000	17,881	12,119
Miscellaneous	-	600	(600)
Contingency	3,951	-	3,951
Total Expenditures	<u>80,000</u>	<u>58,344</u>	<u>21,656</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	78,640	105,969	27,329
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>134,243</u>	<u>134,999</u>	<u>756</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 212,883</u>	<u>\$ 240,968</u>	<u>\$ 28,085</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Castle Oaks Metropolitan District No. 3 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by court order and decree of the District Court for the County of Douglas on June 27, 2006 and is governed pursuant to the provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District is located within the Town of Castle Rock, Colorado.

The District was established to provide financing for the operations and maintenance and design, acquisition, installation, construction, and completion of public improvements and services, including water, sanitation/storm sewer, streets, park and recreation, transportation, mosquito control, safety protection, television relay and translation, and security.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Redemption of bonds is recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The total appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August, and generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as a deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Facilities Fees

On March 5, 2015, the District adopted a Resolution regarding the Imposition of Facilities Fees. The Facilities Fees are in the amount of: (i) \$4,000 per Type I residential unit, which includes single-family detached residences, single-family attached residences, townhomes and patio homes; and (ii) \$1,500 per Type II residential unit, which includes apartments or other multi-family residences. The Facilities Fees are payable to the District on or before the issuance of a building permit for the subject property. Real property conveyed to and/or owned by homeowners' associations is exempt from the Facilities Fee. In addition, Facilities Fees are not to be collected from any property within the District that is to be developed for nonresidential purposes, such as the streets and roadways, clubhouse, commercial development, and similar nonresidential property, and shall not be imposed on real properties conveyed to and/or owned by a homeowners association.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of the net investment in capital assets component of the District's net position.

Amortization

Original Issue Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Cost of Bond Insurance

In the government-wide financial statements, bond insurance is deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

Cost of Bond Refunding

In the government-wide financial statements, the deferred cost of bond refunding is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the new bonds. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized deferred cost is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, the cost of bond refunding and the cost of bond insurance.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 237,828
Cash and Investments - Restricted	1,508,756
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,746,584

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022 consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 11,616
Investments	1,734,968
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,746,584

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District had a bank balance and carrying balance of \$11,616.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted-Average Under 60 Days	\$ 374,216
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	Weighted Average Under 60 Days	1,360,752
Total		<u>\$ 1,734,968</u>

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

CSAFE CASH FUND operates similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

CSAFE CORE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CSAFE (Continued)

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE using the amortized cost method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's capital assets for the period ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance at December 31, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance at December 31, 2022
Governmental Type Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Construction In Progress	\$ 7,880,118	\$ 10,761,523	\$ -	\$ 18,641,641
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	<u>\$ 7,880,118</u>	<u>\$ 10,761,523</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 18,641,641</u>

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance at December 31, 2021	Additions	Retirement of Long-Term Obligations	Balance at December 31, 2022	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable:					
G.O. Bonds - Series 2020	\$ 34,250,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,250,000	\$ -
Bond Premium - Series 2020	4,973,132	-	254,878	4,718,254	-
Subtotal of Bonds Payable	39,223,132	-	254,878	38,968,254	-
Other Debts:					
Developer Advances - Capital	2,231,795	10,761,523	-	12,993,318	-
Accrued Interest on:					
Developer Advance - Capital	39,051	993,255	240,000	792,306	-
Subtotal of Other Debts	2,270,846	11,754,778	240,000	13,785,624	-
Total Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$ 41,493,978</u>	<u>\$ 11,754,778</u>	<u>\$ 494,878</u>	<u>\$ 52,753,878</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020

The District issued the 2020 Bonds on September 10, 2020, in the par amount of \$34,250,000. Proceeds from the sale of the 2020 Bonds were used to: (i) refund the District's outstanding 2017 Bonds; (ii) finance public improvements related to a residential development in the Town of Castle Rock; (iii) purchase a Municipal Bond Debt Service Reserve Fund Insurance Policy; and (iv) pay costs of issuance of the 2020 Bonds.

The 2020 Bonds bear interest at 4.00% per annum (2.357194% yield) and are payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on December 1, 2020. The 2020 Bonds issued as serial bonds mature on December 1 of the years 2024 through 2030; thereafter, the 2020 Bonds issued as term bonds have annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments due on December 1, commencing December 1, 2031. The 2020 Bonds mature on December 1, 2050.

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

**General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020
(Continued)**

To the extent principal of any 2020 Bonds is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until the earlier of its payment or the Termination Date of December 2, 2060 and shall continue to bear interest at the rate then borne by the 2020 Bonds. To the extent interest on any Bond is not paid when due, such interest shall compound on each interest payment date, at the rate then borne by the Bond.

The 2020 Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2030, and, on any date thereafter, upon payment of par and accrued interest, without redemption premium.

The 2020 Bonds are secured by Pledged Revenue which means: (i) the Required Mill Levy; (ii) the Refunded Bonds Mill Levy Revenue; (iii) the Capital Fees; (iv) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Required Mill Levy; and (v) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Pledged Revenue.

“Refunded Bonds Mill Levy Revenue” means the debt service mill levy revenues derived from the debt service mill levy imposed in 2019 (for collection in 2020) for the payment of the 2017 Bonds.

“Capital Fees” means all fees, rates, tolls, penalties, and charges of a capital nature (excluding periodic, recurring service charges) imposed by the District, including the Facility Fees. Facility Fees means the first \$500,000 of fees imposed and collected by the District since June 1, 2020, pursuant to the Facility Fee Resolution adopted on March 5, 2015, including any amendments or supplements.

The District has covenanted to impose a Required Mill Levy upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount, when combined with moneys in the Bond Fund, the Mill Levy Stabilization Fund, and any other legally available moneys held by the District, sufficient to pay the 2020 Bonds when due, and if necessary, an amount sufficient to replenish the Reserve Fund to the amount of the Required Reserve, but (i) not in excess of 55 mills (subject to adjustment for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation or any constitutionally mandated tax credit, cut or abatement after January 9, 2001) and (ii) for so long as the Mill Levy Stabilization Fund is less than the Minimum Mill Levy Stabilization Amount, not less than 35.603 mills (subject to adjustment), or such lesser mill levy which will pay the 2020 Bonds when due, will replenish the Reserve Fund to the amount of the Required Reserve, and will fund the Mill Levy Stabilization Fund up to the Minimum Mill Levy Stabilization Fund Amount. The Required Mill Levy is net of the collection costs of the County and any tax refunds or abatements authorized by or on behalf of the County.

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

**General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020
(Continued)**

The 2020 Bonds are additionally secured by the Reserve Fund which was funded with the Reserve Policy in the amount of \$2,369,800 (the amount of the Required Reserve) and by amounts in the Mill Levy Stabilization Fund. The Reserve Policy guarantees the scheduled payment of principal and interest on the 2020 Bonds when due as set forth in the policy.

Subject to the receipt of sufficient Pledged Revenue, the Mill Levy Stabilization Fund is to be maintained until the Mill Levy Stabilization Conversion Date, after which the Mill Levy Stabilization Fund shall be terminated and any moneys therein remitted to the District for application to any lawful purpose of the District. The Mill Levy Stabilization Fund was partially funded at closing from funds on hand related to the 2017 Bonds in the amount of \$232,000 and will be funded in the future solely by deposits of Pledged Revenue up to the Minimum Mill Levy Stabilization Fund Amount of \$1,000,000.

Monies in the Mill Levy Stabilization Fund are to be used solely for the purpose of paying the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the 2020 Bonds. The District may use amounts in the Mill Levy Stabilization Fund to reduce the Required Mill Levy otherwise necessary to pay the 2020 Bonds in accordance with the definition of the Required Mill Levy above.

The Mill Levy Stabilization Fund Conversion Date is the first date on which both of the following conditions are met: (i) the Debt to Assessed Ratio is 50% or less; and (ii) no amounts of principal or interest on the 2020 Bonds are due but unpaid.

The balance in the Mill Levy Stabilization Fund as of December 31, 2022 is \$1,005,489.

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		
	<u>Bonded Debt</u>		
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ -	\$ 1,370,000	\$ 1,370,000
2024	155,000	1,370,000	1,525,000
2025	430,000	1,363,800	1,793,800
2026	620,000	1,346,600	1,966,600
2027	645,000	1,321,800	1,966,800
2028-2032	3,945,000	6,183,800	10,128,800
2033-2037	5,245,000	5,294,400	10,539,400
2038-2042	7,270,000	4,110,600	11,380,600
2043-2047	9,370,000	2,467,800	11,837,800
2048-2050	6,570,000	532,400	7,102,400
Total	<u>\$ 34,250,000</u>	<u>\$ 25,361,200</u>	<u>\$ 59,611,200</u>

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

At December 31, 2022, the District had authorized but unissued general obligation indebtedness in the following amounts for the following purposes:

	Authorized November 7, 2006 Election	Authorized November 3, 2015 Election	Authorization Used - Series 2010 Note	Authorization Used - Series 2015 Bonds	Authorization Used - Series 2016 Bonds	Authorization Used - Series 2017 Bonds	Authorization Used - Series 2020 Bonds	Remaining at December 31, 2022
Streets	\$ 5,091,000	\$ 36,000,000	\$ -	\$ 5,091,000	\$ 3,824,000	\$ -	\$ 2,589,954	29,586,046
Parks and Recreation	4,037,000	36,000,000	-	4,037,000	3,032,000	-	-	32,968,000
Water	3,536,000	36,000,000	-	3,536,000	2,656,000	-	652,250	32,691,750
Sewer	4,936,000	36,000,000	-	4,936,000	3,708,000	-	1,518,741	30,773,259
Transportation	1,000,000	36,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	37,000,000
Mosquito Control	200,000	36,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	36,200,000
Safety Protection	200,000	36,000,000	-	200,000	150,000	-	-	35,850,000
Television and Relay	500,000	36,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	36,500,000
Security	-	36,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	36,000,000
Operations	500,000	36,000,000	65,970	-	-	-	-	36,434,030
Refunding	20,000,000	36,000,000	-	-	-	2,935,000	-	53,065,000
IGA Debt	20,000,000	36,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	56,000,000
Total	<u>\$ 60,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 432,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 65,970</u>	<u>\$ 17,800,000</u>	<u>\$ 13,370,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,935,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,760,945</u>	<u>\$ 453,068,085</u>

\$4,760,945 of authorized debt was used in issuing the 2020 Bonds. The rest was refunded at a lower rate, so did not use electoral authorization.

Debt Authorization

On November 3, 2015, District voters authorized the District to issue \$432,000,000 of general obligation bonds or other financial obligations for the infrastructure development of the services noted in Note 1; however, the District's amended Service Plan limits its general obligation debt to \$36,000,000.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position of \$5,000 for Emergency Reserves and \$1,171,718 for Debt Service.

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of the restricted component of net position. The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 7 AGREEMENTS

Public Improvements Reimbursement Agreement

The District and the Developer have entered into a Public Improvements Reimbursement Agreement dated as of July 28, 2020, (the Public Improvements Reimbursement Agreement). Pursuant to the Public Improvements Reimbursement Agreement, the Developer agrees to finance, construct, and install (or cause to be financed, constructed, and installed) certain public improvements for the benefit of the District, and the District agrees to reimburse the Developer for certain costs incurred by the Developer since December 29, 2017, with interest, subject to the requirements set forth therein. Only the cost of public improvements which may be lawfully funded by the District under the Special District Act and the Service Plan are subject to reimbursement (District Eligible Costs).

The Public Improvements Reimbursement Agreement specifies the circumstances under which the District will become obligated to reimburse the Developer. Prior to reimbursement, the Developer is required to provide certain materials to the District for review, including, but not limited to, an application describing the public improvements to be acquired and the proposed District Eligible Costs thereof, a description of the applicable public improvement categories, invoices, and other materials as necessary to substantiate the District Eligible Costs. Following receipt of such materials, the District's accountant and engineer shall review the materials to substantiate the Districts Eligible Costs and shall issue an Accountant's Cost Certification and Engineer's Cost Certification, respectively, stating that such costs are reasonable and appropriate and declaring the total amount of District Eligible Costs. Subject to the receipt of a satisfactory Accountant Cost Certification and Engineer's Cost Certification (both as defined in the Public Improvements Reimbursement Agreement), and satisfaction of any other conditions reasonably required by the District, the District shall evidence its acceptance of District Eligible Costs by adopting a resolution declaring satisfaction of the conditions to acceptance (or specifying any applicable variances or waivers that which the District may allow in its sole and absolute discretion), and shall set forth certain findings of the District Board with respect to the reimbursement of District Eligible Costs (the District Acceptance Resolution). No payment is due under the Public Improvements Reimbursement Agreement until the District has adopted a District Acceptance Resolution.

With respect to the District's repayment obligations under the Public Improvements Reimbursement Agreement, the obligation will bear simple interest at a rate of 8.0% per annum from the effective date of the District Acceptance Resolution. The Public Improvement Reimbursement Agreement provides that the District is only obligated to reimburse the Developer for District Eligible Costs from the proceeds of the 2020 Bonds and from revenues received by the District from the Facilities Fee Revenues (as defined therein), up to a Maximum Reimbursement Amount (as defined therein). The Public Improvement Reimbursement Agreement automatically terminates upon the earlier to occur of (1) receipt of all Facilities Fee Revenues by the District and remittance of the Facilities Fee Revenues to the Developer up to the Maximum Reimbursement Amount, or (2) July 28, 2040. Amounts due under the Public Improvements Reimbursement Agreement are subject to annual appropriation and shall not be deemed a multiple fiscal year obligation of the District within the meaning of the Colorado Constitution. As of December 31, 2022, outstanding advances under this agreement totaled \$12,993,318 and accrued interest totaled \$792,306.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 8 RELATED PARTY

The Developer of the property within the District is SLV Castle Oaks, L.L.C. Certain members of the Board of Directors are employees of, owners of, or otherwise associated with the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, §24-10-101, et seq., C.R.S., the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 3, 2015, the District's voters approved for an annual increase in taxes of \$10,000,000 for general operations and maintenance without limitation of rate. This election question allowed the District to collect and spend the additional revenue without regard to any spending, revenue raising, or other limitations contained within TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
DEBT SERVICE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	<u>Original and Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 1,596,824	\$ 1,596,576	\$ (248)
Specific Ownership Taxes	127,746	141,196	13,450
Facility Fees	536,000	252,000	(284,000)
Interest Income	2,300	31,595	29,295
Total Revenues	<u>2,262,870</u>	<u>2,021,367</u>	<u>(241,503)</u>
EXPENDITURES			
County Treasurer's Fees	23,952	23,968	(16)
Bond Interest Series 2020	1,370,000	1,370,000	-
Contingency	3,048	-	3,048
Paying Agent Fees	7,000	4,000	3,000
Total Expenditures	<u>1,404,000</u>	<u>1,397,968</u>	<u>6,032</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	858,870	623,399	(235,471)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Repay Developer Advance	(536,000)	(240,000)	296,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(536,000)</u>	<u>(240,000)</u>	<u>296,000</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	322,870	383,399	60,529
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>1,037,608</u>	<u>1,134,486</u>	<u>96,878</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 1,360,478</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,517,885</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 157,407</u></u>

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Total Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Outlay	11,000,000	10,761,523	238,477
Total Expenditures	11,000,000	10,761,523	238,477
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(11,000,000)	(10,761,523)	238,477
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Developer Advance	11,000,000	10,761,523	(238,477)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	11,000,000	10,761,523	(238,477)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

OTHER INFORMATION

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Bonds and Interest Maturing in the Year Ending December 31,	\$34,250,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Dated September 10, 2020 Series 2020 Interest Rate of 4.000% Interest Payable June 1 and December 1 Principal Payable December 1		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ -	\$ 1,370,000	\$ 1,370,000
2024	155,000	1,370,000	1,525,000
2025	430,000	1,363,800	1,793,800
2026	620,000	1,346,600	1,966,600
2027	645,000	1,321,800	1,966,800
2028	700,000	1,296,000	1,996,000
2029	730,000	1,268,000	1,998,000
2030	795,000	1,238,800	2,033,800
2031	825,000	1,207,000	2,032,000
2032	895,000	1,174,000	2,069,000
2033	930,000	1,138,200	2,068,200
2034	1,000,000	1,101,000	2,101,000
2035	1,040,000	1,061,000	2,101,000
2036	1,115,000	1,019,400	2,134,400
2037	1,160,000	974,800	2,134,800
2038	1,210,000	928,400	2,138,400
2039	1,255,000	880,000	2,135,000
2040	1,540,000	829,800	2,369,800
2041	1,600,000	768,200	2,368,200
2042	1,665,000	704,200	2,369,200
2043	1,730,000	637,600	2,367,600
2044	1,800,000	568,400	2,368,400
2045	1,870,000	496,400	2,366,400
2046	1,945,000	421,600	2,366,600
2047	2,025,000	343,800	2,368,800
2048	2,105,000	262,800	2,367,800
2049	2,190,000	178,600	2,368,600
2050	2,275,000	91,000	2,366,000
Total	\$ 34,250,000	\$ 25,361,200	\$ 59,611,200

**CASTLE OAKS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

Year Ended December 31,	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy	Mills Levied		Total Property Taxes		Percentage Collected to Levied
		General	Debt Service	Levied	Collected	
2018	\$ 8,293,230	4.422	50.855	\$ 458,425	\$ 458,427	100.00 %
2019	11,727,880	4.422	50.855	648,282	648,284	100.00
2020	20,636,280	4.453	51.211	1,148,698	1,145,910	99.76
2021	26,790,600	4.453	48.500	1,418,643	1,416,891	99.88
2022	32,924,200	4.453	48.500	1,743,435	1,743,164	99.98
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31, 2023	\$ 35,284,010	3.500	48.500	\$ 1,834,768		

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.